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Crow's Nest Pass Bonspiel Opened Monday With Twenty-Four Rinks—Keen Competition in All Events—Bonspiel One of The Best.

Fours Reached in Four out of Five Competitions—1927 'Spiel to be Held at Cranbrook—W. Cameron Elected President of C. N. P. C. A. at Annual Meeting Last Evening—Four Coleman Rinks Still in the Running.

To the "skirl of the pipes" twenty-four rinks got away on good ice at eleven o'clock on Monday morning in the first draw of the 16th annual bonspiel of the Crow's Nest Pass Curling Association. Seventeen visiting rinks, Cameron, of Cranbrook; Hershner, Liphardt, Stewart, Kastner and Wallace, of Fernie; Fisher of Michel; Morgan, Wilson and Hughes of Blairmore; Keys, Hanson, Emmerson and Kerr of Bellevue; Bosseberry, McMurdy and Kelly of Pincher, together with Powell, Allan, Boulton, Kellock, Moores, Bell and McBurney of the Coleman club comprised the representation.

Lethbridge, Macleod, Taber, Clarendon and several other points on the prairie "slipped in the back" and failed to send any rinks to uphold the honor of their town in this big annual event. Fernie and Bellevue, the latter the "baby" club of the association, more than did their share to make this year's "spiel" a success, the former club sending five rinks of seasoned curlers, while Bellevue sent up four real doughy rinks which gave royal battle to their opponents whenever they clashed.

Commencing with the first draw Monday morning right up until The Journal went to press Thursday, splendid ice conditions prevailed, and many fine "tight" games have been witnessed by the large crowds of enthusiastic curlers and spectators which thronged the rink from

early morning until midnight each day.

Bill Cameron of Cranbrook and Bill Kastner of Fernie, had a battle royal on Monday night, when an extra end was required to decide the winner, Kastner getting the odd point with his last rock. Fisher of Michel and Kellock of Coleman also had a real game Monday afternoon. The former won two down coming home but counted three on the twelfth to take the game by one point.

Another real bonspiel game took place Tuesday night between Stewart of Fernie and Emmerson of Bellevue. They were even-up on the 12th after a real ding dong battle and Stewart won the game in the extra end with Archie Corrie's last stone.

Wednesday saw Fisher and Kellock tangle again for the third time during the "spiel", and the Coleman rink after an up-hill fight, won out by one point.

The Key and Hanson rinks from Bellevue are fighting hard to keep the "baby club" of the Association in the running for some of the prizes, while several local rinks are also stepping out towards the jewels. However, at this writing it looks like Fernie meeting Fernie in several of the finals.

The inter-provincial, composed of an equal number of B. C. and Alberta rinks, was played Wednesday afternoon and resulted in a win for

our sister province by the narrow margin of 4 points. B. C. secured 84 points to Alberta's 80.

The annual meeting of the association was held in the K. of P. hall on Wednesday at 5 p.m.

Minutes of last annual meeting held at Fernie, Feb. 20th, 1925, were adopted as read.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—

President—W. F. Cameron.

Vice President—H. C. McBurney.

Secretary—S. Hershner.

Executive—Fred Douglas, Bull River; M. A. Kastner, Fernie; Bert McPhee, Cranbrook; L. Morgan, Blairmore; Geo. Fisher, Michel; Allison, Pincher Creek; McNaughton, Carmangay; H. Boulton, Cobden; Jno. Marnock, Lethbridge; H. Junroe, Taber; A. Young, Macleod; Ringrose, Clarendon; Reid, Bow Island; Dr. Keys, Lethbridge.

The Key and Hanson rinks were also present.

It was regularly moved and seconded that the next Bonspiel be held at Cranbrook, B. C., in January, 1927.

A hearty vote of thanks was accorded the Coleman Club for the splendid way they had arranged all detail in connection with the 1926 bonspiel.

A full report of the annual banquet held Wednesday night, and the final results of the various competitions will be found in next week's Journal. Below we give the results of each Cup Competition to date:—

Grand Challenge Cup

Kastner	Kastner
Bell	
Stewart	
Powell	
Allan	Allan
Hanson	Hanson
McBurney	Key
Morgan	
Keys	
Fisher	
Kellock	Kellock
Liphardt	
Emmerson	Emmerson
Kelly	Kelly
Boulton	
Wilson	Wilson
Herchmer	Kelly
Kerr	
Kirkham	
McMurdo	McMurdo
Wyatt	
Cameron	
Bosseberry	

Trites-Wood Cup

Hershner	Hershner
Kelly	
Hanson	Moores
Moore	
Kirkham	
Powell	
McBurney	
Wright	
Wilson	
Bell	
Kellock	
Cameron	
Kastner	
Bosseberry	
Fisher	
Emmerson	
Kelly	
Boulton	
Stewart	
Morgan	
Kerr	
McBurney	
Wyatt	
Keys	
Boulton	

MARRIED HOPKINS - PHILLIPS

St. Alban's Anglican Church, Coleman, which was filled to capacity on Wednesday evening, January 20th, was the scene of a very pretty wedding.

The contracting parties were, Evelyn, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Phillips of 6th Street, East Coleman, and William George, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hopkins Sr., of 4th Street and an official of the McGillivray Creek Coal & Coke Co.

The bridegroom and nephew Mr. George Phillips, who acted as best man, were the first to arrive at the church and were shortly followed by the bride who entered to the beauteous strains of the "Bridal March" played by the organist Mrs. W. Bosworth.

The bride was accompanied by her father who gave her away, also her sister Miss May Phillips who acted as bridesmaid.

The bride looked very charming in a wedding gown of ivory Crepe-de-Chene trimmed with silver ribbon, and wore a wreath of orange blossoms from which trailed the bridal veil, and carried a bouquet of American beauty roses.

The bridemaid looked very becoming in a rosewood color Crepe dress with hat and shoes to match and carried a bouquet of pink carnations.

The Rev. Laurence Nobbs was in charge of the marriage ceremony which was fully choral.

After the nuptial knot had been tied the relatives and immediate friends of the young couple, to the number of a hundred, sat down to a sumptuous luncheon.

The toast to the bride and bridegroom was proposed by the best man in a very neat speech.

The groom responded in a very able manner, after which dancing and singing was enjoyed until the early hours of the morning.

The bride and bridegroom will take up their residence on 6th Street.

Numerous valuable and useful presents were received by them from their many friends.

12th Week of Alberta Egg Laying Contest

Name	Week Total	Total Egg
Mrs. J. W. Cookson	32	266
Lily White P. F.	28	286
E. R. Nicholls	40	407
Jasper Place P. F.	21	402
Cloverlea St. F.	35	398
B. W. Grand	15	110
Pioneer P. F.	28	273
Mrs. C. D. Mylius	30	329
Laywell P. F.	17	242
F. J. Taylor	30	394
Round T. Ranch	18	215
Alpine P. F.	29	396
G. A. Bishop	19	197
Laosdale Ex. Fm.	34	370
W. W. Freeman	7	330
E. R. Farquharson	10	69
T. Kiuvig	0	165
F. Edwards	22	357
M. Bolinger	16	171
S. Coldwell	21	144
T. Hutchinson	26	340
G. Glasser	27	245
H. G. L. Strange	38	393
G. E. Harp	12	184
H. Higginbotham	46	475
R. T. Van Ambur	34	393
F. LOTE, HILLCREST	47	508
Lethbridge Ex. Fm.	51	607
P. J. Timma	17	149

(To be continued)

Good habits are just as easy to form as bad ones; it is purely a matter of utilizing the thought force, or I should say, the Power of Thought in the better manner.

This brings me back to the point of this article, that if we THINK QUANTITY OF TONE, and think it strongly, unwaveringly, and with undiminished concentration, eventually we must produce what we think; inevitably we are bound to materialize what we deeply and truly desire.

I trust I have made myself clear. We are all creatures of habit, and our habits unconsciously rule everything we do, good or bad, great or small.

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(To be continued)

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
THE DISTRICT OF MACLEOD.

IN THE MATTER of the Estate of Joseph Burns, late of Coleman, in the Province of Alberta, Miner, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above-named Joseph Burns, who died on the 21st day of December, A.D. 1925, are required to file with Mary Ann Burns, of Coleman, in the Province of Alberta, on or before the first day of January, 1926, a full statement, duly verified, of their claim, and the security held by them, and after that date the Executrix will distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or of which have been brought to her knowledge.

DATED at Coleman, in the Province of Alberta, this 14th day of January, A.D. 1926.

OSTLUND & BROWN,

Lethbridge, Alberta,
Solicitors for the Executrix.

St. Valentine Tea

The members of the Ladies Auxiliary of St. Paul's United Church are busy with plans for their annual St. Valentine Tea which will be held in the club room Saturday, February 13th. Aprons of many varieties will be on sale and "the eats" will be St. Valentine specialties. Keep the date open and patronize this event.

Personal and Local

Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior and Mines, announced in the House at Ottawa on Monday that a tariff board would soon be named to investigate the needs of all industries in Canada, one of the first of which would be the coal mining industry.

Mr. James Beard, of the Kelley Sales Company, who conducted a very successful sale during the past two weeks for the H. E. Gate more in Coleman, left for Ellensburg, Washington, Sunday morning, where he was called by wire to put on a sale for a merchant in that town. Mrs. Gate's sale closes on Saturday of this week with some extra special bargains being offered for Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Merriman, of West Coleman, announce the engagement of their daughter Helen S. Carr to Wallace A. Johnston of Brandon, Man.

The St. John Ambulance Association held a whist drive and dance on Friday, Jan. 22, in the Knights of Pythias hall. The members and their wives turned out splendidly and had a good time. The prime winners at this whist were: Miss O. Richards first, Mrs. J. Rushton second, Mrs. J. W. Ecclestone third, Mr. A. McMurdo first, Mr. Bert Bond second, Mr. H. Standfield third. Dancing was kept up until 2 a.m. the next morning.

Mrs. R. G. Powell received word Wednesday morning that her mother, Mrs. Armstrong, is seriously ill at the Coast. Mrs. Powell left on Thursday morning train for Vancouver.

Mr. Alex. Morrison, chairman of the entertainment committee of the bonspiel, was laid up with a severe cold all week, and his genial countenance was greatly missed by all curlers. However, Messrs. R. F. Barnes, O. E. S. Whiteside, Geo. Kellock and President H. C. McBurney, worked overtime to make up for his absence, and nothing was overlooked to make every curler visit to Coleman a memorable one.

The local hockey club lost a home game to Blairmore by 5-0 on Friday last. Tuesday, however, they invaded Inverhoyle and won by 4-3 in a overtime struggle.

Lethbridge and other towns on the prairie "slipped in the back" and failed to send rinks to represent them at the 16th annual bonspiel of the Crow's Nest Pass Curling Association. Bellevue, the lady club of the organization note they did their part by sending up four rinks to the big "spiel".

Many visiting rinks commented very favorably on the splendid accommodation provided by the local curling club. There was plenty of ice, good service in the lunch room and ample accommodation in all departments for at least forty rinks.

Say It with Flowers

When you require flowers artistically arranged for any occasion, at moderate prices, and of unequalled quality, phone No. 13, THE COLEMAN TRADING CO., LTD., agents for Frache Bros., Lethbridge.

CO-OPERATION AMONG MEMBERS IS A NECESSITY

Ottawa.—After an absence of eight years the route of Hon. Robert Rogers was again heard today in the House of Commons. He spoke in the debate on the address which promises to continue till the end of this week. He described the speech from the throne as "born of political right and political contradictions." He declared that the raw materials of Canada were being sent into the United States and causing him a distinct headache. And he charged that every member of the house knew that Col. Commissioner McKeown, of the railway commission, had "direct instructions to do and give certain decisions concerning cases, I do not propose—Mr. Rogers went on to deal with that now, but I will deal with it at a later period."

From the Liberal side of the house, R. H. Jenkins, of Quebec, P.E.I., held that times in the Island had never been better. Prince Edward Island had not in any idea of session. The Martiniens expected fair play, however. Maritime rights might be called "partnership rights" and called for justice and fair play to all.

Thomas McMillan, of South Huron, Ont., strongly contested the view that the government was not entitled to credit for removal of the British embargo against Canadian cattle. Mr. McMillan further urged that the government deserved credit for increasing Canada's overseas markets. He stated that Mr. McHugh was "shackled to the ramparts of gold" of which he was wont to speak.

Alfred Speakman, of Red Deer, gave a long speech in which Mr. Speakman thought rural credits ought to be vital things in the suggested programme of regulation. Previous proposals on rural credits had remained "stray bodies and nothing more" and it was gratifying to Mr. Speakman that rural credits had been accepted as an active principle. Mr. Speakman announced his intention to vote against the Conservative amendment to the address. He was "dubious" as to the value of a duty on coal. He suggested that a better method would be to tax of reduced railway transportation rates.

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No Liberal-Labor Alliance

Lloyd George Denies Rumor in a Speech in Wales.

London.—Rumors that he intended to launch a movement for a Liberal-Labor alliance were denied by David Lloyd George in a speech at Carnarvon, Wales. He said that it would be unwise for Liberals to negotiate an alliance with any party, but it should concentrate its energies to reaching the goal of securing a large liberal representation in the next parliament.

What was achieved it would be time to consider co-operation with men who were prepared to support its programme, whether it involved a coalition government or not.

Chicago Gunman Captured
St. Louis, Mo.—Trained three months by department of justice agents, one of whose number he had slain, Marin J. Durkin, 26, notorious Chicago criminal, was captured here. The much sought slayer, described in police circulars as "very dangerous," "quiet to draw," fell into a trap prepared by department agents, city detective and railroad employees and was overpowered in the drawing room of a "Palace" hotel upon arrival at Webster Groves, a suburb, from Australia.

Turco-Afghan Pact
London.—The Government of Turkey and Afghanistan have concluded an agreement to form an alliance to repel all attacks against Islamic states. It is reported here. Moulvi Barkatullah, noted Indian Moslem leader, took a leading role. He said that Russia had agreed not to employ Communists in Afghanistan.

Irak-Saudi Approves Treaty
Bagdad, Irak.—The Anglo-Irak Treaty extending the British mandate over this country to a maximum of 25 years was approved by the Irak Senate with but one dissenting vote. The treaty was signed recently.

W. N. U. 1613

Asks Reduction Of Troops In Rhineland

Small Prospect of Favorable Reply to Germany's Request

Paris.—The possibility of the reduction of the number of troops in the Rhineland occupation will be discussed by Premier Briand with Sir Austen Chamberlain, the British foreign secretary, when Sir Austen passes through Paris, homeward bound from Rapallo, Italy.

There is little prospect of a favorable reply to Germany's request for a decrease in the number of allied troops in the Rhineland, because it was said in official circles.

There are now about 60,000 French troops in the occupied territory including service of supplies, guards and communications. It was stated, while British and Belgians have about 8,000 each. The French require many more men than their allies because they have far greater ground to cover.

The German demand will be referred to the council of ambassadors for consideration at its next meeting, the date for which has not been fixed.

Charge Control Of Britain's Food Prices

New Zealand Products Being Held Up Pending Orders

London.—The Manchester Guardian gives grants to the New Zealand paper in which it is alleged that while the government food control is busy with the misdeeds of small shopkeepers the council gives no time to dealing with the machinations of the international food control.

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Steady Recovery In Industrial Employment

Dominion Bureau of Statistics Issues Industrial Employment Report For 1925

Ottawa.—Steady recovery in industrial employment marked the year 1925, according to a report just issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics.

The working forces of the approximately 5,900 firms reporting averaged 761,131, varying between 690,533 on January 1, 1925, and 809,072 on October 1, last. The index number of the labour force at its peak for the year, standing at 95.2, in 1924 the peak of employment was reached on July 1, when the index was 55.

From early in January, 1925, to the beginning of July last there was, it is said, a period of uninterrupted expansion, during which approximately 165,000 persons were added to the ranks of the firms reporting.

Scottish Thrift

Citizens of Glasgow Show Saving Habit by Huge Bank Accounts

London.—Glasgow's continued thrift is again exhibited in the netthet report submitted at the annual meeting of the savings bank which is the largest and most flourishing of its kind in the country.—The deposit accounts now amount to over £2,000,000 sterling. Despite trade depression, there has been an increase in deposits for the year, nearly half a million. There were nearly 46,000 new accounts opened during the year.

Ack Duty On Imported Eggs
Miner, B.C.—Miner and Langley Prairie district poultrymen are asking for a duty of 18 cents a dozen on all eggs imported into Canada. It is pointed out that under the recent Australasian trade treaty eggs came into Canada free, while there is a tax of 18 cents a dozen on Canadian eggs entering Australia.

Turks Show No Mercy
Constantinople.—Seven Turks were hanged in the public square of Angora for having participated in recent reactionary movement.

Turks have been executed during the past two weeks.

Multimillionaire in 20 Years
Philadelphia.—Joseph Capone, who migrated from London, Eng., as a boy 20 years ago, has purchased a building for a price said to be \$11,000,000.

Trade Prospects Very Bright

Canadian Trade Increase in Past Nine Months is \$295,000,000

Ottawa.—Total Canadian trade for the fiscal year, ending December 31, was \$1,020,600,000, an increase of approximately \$202,000,000. Imports were \$655,000,000, an increase of \$93,000,000. Foreign merchandise exported was \$349,000,000, practically the same as in the previous nine months.

Profits On Liquor

Alberta Government Makes Net Profit of \$157,100,000 on Operations

Edmonton.—The Alberta government's net profit on its operations under the Liquor Act in 1925, according to a statement issued by Premier Brownlee, was \$1,665,570, covering the full calendar year.

The 1925 figures are slightly in advance of the proportionate figures for 1924 when the board operated for only eight months.

DECIDE AGAINST THE PURCHASE OF ELEVATORS

Calgary.—H. E. G. Schofield, president of the Alberta Farmers of Alberta, has recently formed in New Zealand and Australia to control the prices of supplies of meat, butter and cheese, which have already been sent to this place.

The objectives of the organization are to prevent the New Zealand dairy produce control board from keeping up the market until such time as the price rises to a point suitable for their liking, the article says, and in the meantime the shipments are being kept down to the requisite quantities.

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THE JOURNAL

2ND AVE., E., COLEMAN, ALBERTA
E. P. GARE, - Editor and Publisher

An independent paper published every Thursday. Subscription rates: \$2.00 per annum in advance; to U. S. and Great Britain \$2.50.

Local, government and municipal advertising, 15¢ a line for first insertion and 10¢ a line for subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements to be paid for when ordered.

Display advertising rates on application at the office.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1926

CRITICIZING THE CURRICULUM.

A. A. McGillivray, provincial Conservative leader, claims our educational system has too many frills.

We don't think so—least not in the rural districts.

The present public school curriculum was drawn up by a body of educationalist, expert in their line and with many years experience in school matters.

Months of consideration and many hours of collaborative work brought forth the present curriculum, for which Mr. McGillivray has nothing but scorn.

We believe that the experience of the educationalists better fits them for saying what shall be taught in

Alberta schools, in preference to the opinion of a Calgary lawyer, notwithstanding his ability in his own profession.

In fact we believe that education in the public schools is simpler and less arduous than in other days.

A public school student nowadays does not have to learn Latin Caesar in his wordy commentaries on his peregrinations through three-fold Gaul.

Geometry is no longer taught in the public schools and the terrors of the First Book of Euclid does not exist for present day students of geometry.

Mr. McGillivray may be a past master in his own profession, but that does not qualify him to sit in judgment as to what should or should not be taught in Alberta public schools—Barasario Mail.

PROGRESSIVES ARE ON THE TOP.

Canadian policy for the present session of the Dominion Parliament seems likely to be dictated by the representatives of Western Canada, no party having a clear majority, and the balance of power being with the Progressives.

If this power is exercised properly Canada as a whole will benefit. If it is not, the Progressive party will disappear from the scene at next election.

If the Progressives can compel

Salvation Army Meetings

Sunday Directory 11 a. m.

Sunday School 2.30 p. m.

Salvation 7.30 p. m.

Strangers Welcome

Lieut. R. MacMillan,

Captain M. C. Milley.

Dr. McConaghay DENTIST

Ouimetts Block Main Street

R. F. BARNES

Barrister and Solicitor

Phone 305 Coleman, Alberta

Alex M. Morrison

Notary Conveyancer

Fire, Life & Accident Insurance

East Coleman Property Owners Given Clear Title

People wishing to purchase lots in East Coleman will be given a Clear Title to their property upon payment of same.

W. A. BEEBE,
Blairmore,
347f

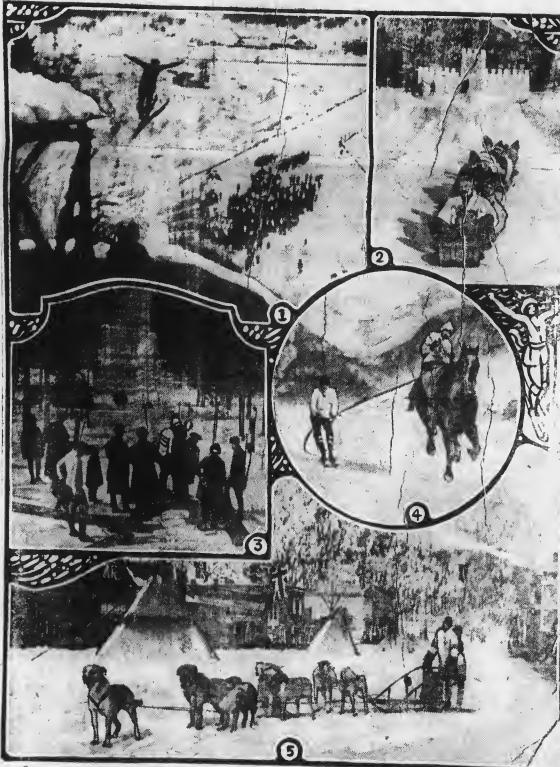
Sentinel Lodge No. 25

Meet every second and fourth Thursday at 7 p. m.

Visiting Brethren Welcome

Hall is available for rent with exceptions of 2nd and 4th Wednesday and Thursday of each month.

Brilliant Winter Carnival at Banff



1. A daring leap into space. 2. Tobogganing parties. 3. A steep run down means an up hill walk. 4. Ski-joring at a fast clip. 5. A dog team in training for the Derby.

During the coming winter carnival in Banff, the mornings will be set aside to entertain visitors afternoons and evenings for the events. In former winter afternoons and evenings were crowded into a week as to preclude visitors from taking part in the themselves. This year, the committee met the wishes of the visitors by extending the annual event to cover two weeks from January 28 to February 11.

The most expert skiers and snow-shoers in the mountains will thus be freed from competitions to take charge of public interest on plain enjoyment. They have selected five depots within the radius of ten miles of Banff, so selected to allow return over a different route than the outgoing trip. Ski slides abound on these trips, and others more moderate to initiate novices into this sport in the all winter pastime.

There will be available for ski-joring and dogsledding, wishing to compete in the run on toboggans and bob-sleds.

A real western barbecue of steaming hot meat of wild game, bread, coffee and tea, will appease the appetites of the hikers, guides and trap operators. During the carnival a pipe par excellence to Lake Minnewanka will be held. Here a huge buffalo will be barbecued over a glowing bonfire on the lake shore.

Bill Porters, of the Rocky Mountain Guide Association and Brewsters Limited are bringing forty guides into the range early in January to train them for skijoring during the carnival. Ponies, skin and guides will be at the disposal of those who may need them.

For the first time a dog team will be available for trips into the mountains on the Bow River, over the ice. Mountain ponies with bob-sleds will cover the same route.

Present plans call for a new World Championship dog derby from Calgary to the top-of-the-world, the Great Divide, and back to Banff, through the prairies, the mountains.

This three days' trip will pass through Banff on the morning of the second day, and through Banff on the skijoring when these events are being run off.

While waiting for the arrival of the teams visitors will witness Canada's premier alpine ski-jumping competition on the new Bow jump. Many acknowledge this new jump as the best in Canada.

On the side of a mountain a slide will be built through a lane of pines and spruce. The wooden slide will be 150 feet long and 60 feet above the heads of the spectators below. The new jump is built for leaps into the space of from 40 feet to 180 feet.

For the first time two world's eight ladies' hockey teams will contend for the Lippe Cup, a trophy emblematic

of world's championship in the sport. Six Canadian amateur men's hockey teams will fight a skating and fancy skating events, in addition, interspersed between periods in the games, relieve the monotony of the wait and pep up the sport activities.

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See us before buying elsewhere.

SUMMIT LODGE

No. 30, A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings held first Thursday of each month, at 8 p. m.

Visiting Brethren cordially invited.

W. E. G. Hall, W. M.

W. Bro. Jake Linglee Secretary

Coleman Garage

DEALERS
McLaughlin Ford Oldsmobile

No Profit In Wheat For The Farmer Unless Reasonable Prices Prevail

Authorities on commerce and finance are pointing out that owing to the relative high prices for wheat prevailing for the past year or so farmers have been led to till more wheat land than is ordinarily the case, and in consequence the year 1926 may see over-production and lower prices says the Toronto Saturday Night. For instance, it is stated that United States farmers are now growing more land to winter wheat to grain four per cent, increase over this year's wheat crop, after making all allowances for ordinary risks. There is also indications that next year's crop in Europe, including Russia, will also be larger, with possibly a very considerable exportable surplus from the last named country.

Unless our statisticians are all wrong, and that is unlikely, there is no profit in wheat for the farmer when it is selling around one dollar per bushel in Liverpool. For instance, to transport wheat from Canada to Liverpool the cost, according to the "Canada Year Book," is about forty cents per bushel, and sixty cents per bushel is not sufficient to cover the cost of the undertaking.

Wheat, according to these statistics, gives a better cash return per acre to the farmer of the Maritimes, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia than to the farmer on the prairies. Owing to two causes, more intensive cultivation and less favorable market prices to the consumers, during the year 1922 when wheat sold down to one dollar per bushel. The average profit per acre of spring wheat for all Canada was \$7.68, the highest being in Quebec, where the profit per acre is placed at \$12.10, and the lowest in Manitoba, where a loss of \$2.66 per acre is indicated.

In this same year United States authorities state that the average loss sustained by their farmers on wheat exported amounted to 15 cents per bushel.

The average cost of grain production in the prairie provinces (spring wheat after fallow) is set down at \$18.65 per acre, taking in all cost including rental value of the land. In Eastern Canada and British Columbia the cost is placed at \$19.48 per acre, of which means that unless the crop is really healthy and of good quality, anything like cost of wheat, not a good proposition, when marketing conditions are adverse as they are a couple of thousand miles from the seaboard.

Hens Like Weekly Bath

Invention Started at Hamilton Poultry Farm Proves Popular. A weekly bath for hens is the latest at poultry farms in Ottawa and Allegan counties.

Modern poultry farms are equipped with "hen laundries," and the aristocratic hens must receive a weekly bath.

The "hen laundry" was started by A. J. Klomparens of Hamilton, and has been adopted by other raisers. Mr. Klomparens has been exhibiting fowls at poultry shows for 20 years. He decided several years ago that the chickens should have a weekly bath. So the "hen laundry" was provided.

Mr. Klomparens found that chickens soon learned to like their "tub." At first the hens complained, but after a few trips to the laundry they seemed to enjoy the bath. Other poultry raisers, finding that Mr. Klomparens was a consistent winner at the shows, decided to add a "hen laundry" to their equipment.

Today no poultry farm in this section of the state is complete without a "hen laundry," where the birds receive a warm bath weekly.

Joffre Writes Memoirs of War

Marshal Joffre has admitted that he has written his memoirs of the World War, but says that the time has not yet come to publish them. "I am still in active service," he explains, alluding to the fact that there is no retiring age for marshals of France, who therefore are subject technically to their lifetime to the regulations which forbid army officers in active service to publish anything connected with military matters.

For Women to Answer

What a tell-tale husband tells to understand is why the remains of a 50-cent chair, built in 1786, is worth \$250, while a \$50 piece of millinery a year old only brings a dime at a rummage sale—Detroit News.

Waste paper has been converted into new paper for three centuries.

New Industry For Manitoba

Plans Being Made to Manufacture Twine From Hemp Grown in Province

An industry that may prove of importance to the farmers of Manitoba is being quietly organized by a group of business men in Winnipeg. It is proposed to establish a twine and cordage factory in the city and the plans call for the manufacture of cord and twine from hemp grown in the province.

That hemp can be successfully grown in Manitoba has been proved by various experiments in field tests carried out during the past five years. The quality of the Manitoba product compares favorably with hemp produced in what are regarded as the special hemp producing areas of the Old World, Wisconsin and Kentucky on this continent.

Not only has the quality of the hemp grown been proved, but prospects for the permanent establishment of the industry within the province are excellent, it is believed.

The Dominion Government has granted a bounty of \$155,000 per annum for a period of eight years, on the dairy and cold storage branch, and is distributed by the publications branch of the department, emphasizes the observance of a number of rules as being necessary if the best results are to be obtained in farm dairy work. Only good cows should be kept and they should be fed liberally and kept comfortable and clean when in the stable. Cream should be skimmed of all fat, rich cream being best, leaving about 30 per cent. of butterfat.

It should be cooled to under 60 degrees Fahrenheit and kept cool until twelve hours before churning. The churning should be completed in from twenty-five to thirty minutes. For building up our export trade, with Britain varying more than three degrees from the temperature of the butter-milk, should be used, finally the butter should be put in neat, clean and attractive packages.

Brood Sows Thrive On Leguminous Hay

Provided Tests Made at Ohio Experiment Station

Afalfa, or clover hay, with 3 to 4 pounds of tankage, and 8 to 12 pounds of corn, proved an excellent combination for brood sows in winter feeding tests concluded at the Ohio experimental station.

The leguminous hay, replacing part of the grain, supplies needed bulk to the ration, and has a desirable laxative effect. It is also beneficial because of the protein mineral and vitamin rich nature of the bright green, leafy, late-feeding season.

By feeding the hay in staked racks, the sows will be induced to take the exercise which is essential to the production of thrifty pigs.

If the ration is to meet the needs of brood sows, it must contain a more liberal supply of protein and minerals than found in grain alone. Corn fed in this way has not proved fattening.

The World Wheat Supply

Will Be Barely More Than Enough To Meet Needs

The largest estimate of the Argentine wheat crop from the harvest now being gathered stands at 214,832,000 bushels, 21,000,000 less than first estimated, and compares with 191,141,000 bushels in 1924-25, and 201,562,000 bushels—the annual average for the five years 1910-20 to 1923-24.

The Argentine crop, 21,000,000 bushels over the previous year, will not equal the reduction in yield in Australia, where harvest is on at the same time. It is quite clear now that the English authority was right when he said that the world wheat supply at present available will be barely more than sufficient to meet world needs between now and next August.

Will Have to Find Substitutes

The shortage of Angora goats is causing the manufacturers of automobile bodies a strain.

Angora goats are the source of supply for mohair velvet which covers the cushions in many of the high grade American automobiles.

In spite of the fact that America is the largest consumer of genuine mohair velvet, only a comparatively few Angora goat herds are raised in this country.

Taylor's Songs Published

Bennett has a singing tailor whose compositions are coming into national prominence. His name is Cowper Williamson. Although he has no knowledge of the theory of music, he writes witty verses and impulsive music which one of his friends writes down and arranges. Many of his songs have been used in local concerts and now are being published.

Natural

Mistress—There comes Mrs. Braun. Tell her I am not at home.

Maid—Very well, madam.

Mistress—Well, what did she say?

Maid—Thank heaven!

Better Making On The Farm

Instructions For the Production of Butter of High Quality

Dairy farmers who have no creamery or cheese factory near enough to be available to them will find a new bulletin on butter making on the farm, just issued by the department of agriculture at Ottawa, of great interest. This bulletin gives detailed instructions for the production of high-class butter.

It is pointed out that much of the butter produced on the farm is of inferior quality. The main defects as compared with creamery butter being staleness, bad flavor, rancidity, too many shades of color, and the fact that it is often placed on the market in packages that are neither attractive nor convenient to handle.

The annual loss to the farmers of Canada as represented by the difference in value of farm dairy butter and creamery butter amounts, it is estimated, to several million dollars per year.

The bulletin, which was prepared by the dairy and cold storage branch, and is distributed free by the publications branch of the department, emphasizes the observance of a number of rules as being necessary if the best results are to be obtained in farm dairy work. Only good cows should be kept and they should be fed liberally and kept comfortable and clean when in the stable. Cream should be skimmed of all fat, rich cream being best, leaving about 30 per cent. of butterfat.

It should be cooled to under 60 degrees Fahrenheit and kept cool until twelve hours before churning. The churning should be completed in from twenty-five to thirty minutes.

For building up our export trade, with Britain varying more than three degrees from the temperature of the butter-milk, should be used, finally the butter should be put in neat, clean and attractive packages.

Just An Experiment

Garnet Wheat May Only Be Success On Certain Soils

It is a most serious matter to change the soil in which has demonstrated its value in Marquette, for a wheat which has yet to prove on the fully. Specialization in wheat is good, confined to the wheat market.

Others speculate with new types of wheat.

Some of these—Red Bob, for example—do very well in some districts and not so well in others. Time will probably show that Garnet is a good wheat to be grown on certain soils, where the volume of moisture fits its needs, and that in other districts it will be better to stay with Marquette.

The Dominion department of agriculture estimates the total export of wheat to Britain for the year at 110,000 head.

Clothes do not make the man, yet a man may owe a great deal to his tailor.

Stupid persons are seldom disatisfied with themselves.



TRAINING FOR THE DOG DERBY AT BANFF

Present plans call for a world's championship dog derby at the coming winter carnival in Banff in February, the race to be run from Calgary to the top of the world and back to Banff, a distance of 185 miles, 50 miles through the mountains and foothills, the remainder through the Bow River valley to the Great Continental Divide and back to Banff. The first lap of the three-day race will carry the competitors within sixteen miles of Banff. Passing through Banff next day, the second lap will be completed on the Great Divide. Neos next day will see the completion of the race in Banff.

Seven dog teams are utilizing Banff's new blanket of snow to get in shape for the coming dog derby. Harry Knight, last year's winner, the eight-year-old boy manager, has bought three new dogs to augment his last year's team. His Mills, who cut the tape eight minutes behind Harry, is negotiating for some of the best dogs in Canada.

The dogs spent the summer in cool kennels amongst the pines and spruce surrounding Banff. During the summer they eat only three-quarters of a pound of raw meat a day. Like a frisky horse who has spent some time in the barn living on oats, these dogs feel "their meat" when they sense the meaty morsels which are scattered in the fall. Broken carrots, and snap beans are the tools exerted by these frisky hounds during the pre-holiday frenzied run-aways when they hit the trail again after a summer of inactivity.

A friendly spirit of rivalry exists between the dog team owners in Banff. They train together, running their teams along the same course and passing each other to accustom their teams to passing a competitor in the without fighting. Young pups, however, follow to play with the lead dog.

When they are 10 months old, they are given a chance for miles or two days behind the lead dog. Then they run beside the team. They are so intelligent, they grasp the significance of their new duties almost immediately.

Turkish President Buys Farm

Will Use Up-to-Date Machinery and Equipment

President Mustapha Kemal Pasha of the Turkish republic has bought a farm and is going in for agriculture in a big way. It is on the hills southeast of Ankara and comprises about 25,000 acres. The main railroad to the capital crosses it, so that many branch roads may be laid to carry produce to market. The new directorate of agriculture is to be located on the farm, and three small armament factories will be built beside the railway and farm buildings are rapidly going up. Four thousand acres are plowed for sowing and the rest of the arable land will be made ready in the spring.

A manager, Tashim Bey, has been engaged to operate the farm and has bought eighteen tractors, two automobiles for the use of employees, four tractors and six threshing machines. It is a large farm for a man to work on, a regular hangar for aeroplanes, a granary, a stable, a special depot for tractors and five villas for the families of married employees. Kemal also intends to build a house for himself and will spend as much time there as he can spare from official duties.—New York Sun

Canada's Live Cattle Export

Pays Better at Present Than Chilled Beef Trade

Dr. J. H. Gridale, deputy minister

of agriculture, said that the cattle export trade is a large business for Canada, and is a large source of revenue. It is the present belief, and much of it is the present belief, that the 121 or thereabout is derived for the pig you sell for beef? Don't even come on too much on the grocery bill. Use vegetables. Let the men eat down some of their expenses—better stuff, use their brains to plan their work intelligently and thus get better returns. Think more highly of your self, your children and your occupation, and the men will rise. The necessity of giving you more comfort. Don't wait for a man to save a few dollars for the man to buy a house. Improve him, perhaps. So many Ontario farm women are martyrs, and glory in it unconsciously. Buy oranges, lemon, cranberries, etc., for yourself and your children, and the men will rise.

(1) We could not, at present

compete with Argentina in the export of chilled beef because, for one thing, Argentine can assure a large and constant supply of which Canada cannot do.

(2) Beef and cattle are worth \$10 per steer even in England than here and this difference in value largely offsets the extra cost of shipping on the fully. Specialization in wheat is good, confined to the wheat market.

(3) Canadian cattle, finished in England, sell as "home-killed" on the British market, and as "home-killed" cattle bring a considerably higher price than imported beef.

The Dominion department of agriculture estimates the total export of cattle to Britain for the year at 110,000 head.

Clothes do not make the man, yet a man may owe a great deal to his tailor.

Stupid persons are seldom disatisfied with themselves.

Says War Is Destructive Of Prosperity Of Human Race And Is A Foe To Justice

The Diet on the Farm

A Greater Diversity of Food Is Advocated by an Ordnance Lady

A female correspondent of the Toronto Globe wants farm housewives to educate the men of their household to something else in the way of eating besides "pie and pork."

Says "What about lamb? What about chickens? I cannot eat superfluous cockerels. What about corn beef? Around here these in the beefing during the summer can a few quarts of beef each week. Why don't we have a large house for the men, a workshop, a regular hangar for aeroplanes, a granary, a stable, a cowshed, three sheep and goat sheds, a special depot for tractors and five villas for the families of married employees. Kemal also intends to build a house for himself and will spend as much time there as he can spare from official duties.—New York Sun

factory workers from Detroit succeed in Western Canada.

It has taken only a short time to convince Mike Pansack, of Fishing Lake, Saskatchewan, that farming in Western Canada is better than working in a city factory.

The following letter dated December 24, 1925, was received recently by the Canadian Government agent at Detroit, Michigan, from Mr. Pansack:

"For your advice to Western Canada, I thank you much. Since coming here a month ago I have learned much and like the place more the more I go there. I bought a farm here at Fishing Lake, Saskatchewan, and my first crop which was 1925 was from five acres of wheat. I threshed twelve hundred bushels, which graded No. 2 Northern.

"The climate is bracing and invigorating, although hot in summer and cold in winter. I have suffered more with these in Detroit, than I ever have here.

"Since 1913 I had worked in the factories of Detroit. I never realized how much I meant until I came to farm in Canada.

"This is indeed a land of opportunity, but you must work for it and I would advise any working man with a little capital who fancies the farm life to give this a trial. There is plenty of good land available close to the railroad. This country is growing very fast."

Voluntary Turkey Pool

Value of Cooperative Effort is Shown in Saskatchewan

The Voluntary Turkey Pool, operated by the Saskatchewan department of agriculture in conjunction with local associations, has once more proved the value of cooperative effort as applied to farm produce, states W. Waldron, provincial markets commissioner. "We have marketed turkeys from Aeronel, Conquest, Creelman, Davidson, Kerrobert, Peascow, Imperial, Woodrow and Limerick, marking up eight cars in all and representing a total shipment of 14,000 dressed turkeys in value, amounting to \$43,000 in value, giving net returns to the producers of 26 cents per pound for No. 1 birds. The heaviest shipment was made up at Conquest, at which point 2,552 birds were loaded. Davidson came next with 2,405 birds.

"It was a Tie

A farmer had an Irish boy in his employ, and bearing that he had been attacked by a bull, the farmer went to find him. "Hello, Pat," he said. "I heard you had an encounter with a bull yesterday. Who came of best?"

Pat scratched his head and grinned and replied: "Sure, it was a toss up."

Knots Used in Bridge

Field knot, reef knot, reef knot and the natives a suspension bridge over the Rio Uruguay, near San Christobal, Venezuela, with a span 522 feet long, was built without nail, screws, rivets or bolts.

Trade With Soviet Russia

Canada's exports to Soviet Russia have increased nearly thirty-fold during the last twelve months. Trade statistics show that for twelve months ending October 21 last, Canada exported to Russia goods valued at \$14,000,000, as against \$4,000,000 for the preceding twelve months.

Character of men and women is often shown by the different ways in which they ask questions.

AFTER ALL
There's Nothing
To Equal
Zam-Buk
FOR THE SKIN!

BAREE, SON OF KAZAN

by James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

"BAREE, SON OF KAZAN," a Viagrap Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog

is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

It was in the winter that a half-bred dog, known in the snow footprints of Baree, the son of Kazan, entered the trap-line of Bush McTaggart, the factor, that he had seen prints larger than those of a fox, and the factor's suspicions were aroused. Baree had been hunting for a fox. He had tried to kill the dog and the dog had inflicted wounds on him. Moreover, McTaggart had shot a wolf, Pierrot, the son of Kazan, who was Baree's mate, and caused the animal to be separated from Nepesse, the trapper's daughter.

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

The next day saw the beginning of the struggle that was to follow between the wolf and man and beast. To Baree the encroachment of Bush McTaggart's trap-line was not war; it was existence. It was to furnish him food, as Pierrot's line had furnished him food for many weeks. But he sensed the fact that in this instance he was law-breaker and had an enemy to face. Baree had been good hunting weather he had sought his mate for the unseen hand that was guiding his wanderings was drawing him home—but surely back to the old beaver pond and the Gray Loon. At it was, with the snow deep and soft under him—so deep that in places he plunged into it over his ears—McTaggart's trap-line was like a tall ramada made for his special use. He followed in the Factor's snowshoe tracks, and in the third trap he caught a rabbit. When he had finished with his meal he took the hair and crimson patches of blood lay upon the snow. Starved for many weeks, he was nines with a woman-bearer; and before the day was over he robbed the bait from a full dozen of McTaggart's traps. Three times he struck poison-bait or carpet bait in the heart of which was a dose of strichine, and each time his keen nose told him he was safe.

McTaggart had more than once noted the amazing fact that Baree could

the presence of poison even when it was most skittishly injected into the frocru carcass of a deer. Foxes and wolves ate of flesh from which his super-sensitive power of detecting the presence of deadly danger turned him away. So he passed Bush McTaggart's poisoned tibbles, snuffing them on the way, and leaving the story of his too-clever hunting mate. Where McTaggart had failed a day before, Bush McTaggart made those same cautious circles with his feet.

The second day, being less hungry and more keenly alive to the hated smell of his enemy, Baree ate less but was more destructive. McTaggart

COULD NOT DO HOUSEWORK

Woman Suffered until Relieved
by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

St. Charles, Quebec.—"I was married three years and had no children. I was always tired, and had pains in the abdomen and was not able to do my house work. After trying all other remedies I decided to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is the best compound in the world for the relief of all the pains in the body. It has done me good now and can do my house work. After trying all other remedies I decided to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is the best compound in the world for the relief of all the pains in the body. It has done me good now and can do my house work and care for my family. I recommend it to my friends. I am sure they will be satisfied."—Miss D. B. Gour, St. Charles, Co. Belchere, Que.

Nervous and Run-down

—"I was nervous and run-down, and slept but a tired feeling and no appetite. I jumped at every sound and was always low-spirited, with symptoms of depression and I was weak for several months. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has done me good for three months and am very much better and can work around more. I feel like another woman."—Mrs. F. L. Gour, 98 Tuxedo Ave. No., Hamilton, Ont. G

W. N. U. 1618

Police Brilliantly Dressed

A new corps of brilliantly dressed traffic police are giving back to the streets of Constantinople the color lost with the passing of the fes and turban. The crimson and brass helmets of their hats are red and white stripes, which resemble sticks of peppermint candy, give promise that the new era is not to be entirely drab.

The director of police, Ekrem Bay, has also instituted the first electric device for traffic control.

Two and two, together, and out of two and two he made Baree. There was little doubt in his mind. The thought had flashed on him first that Baree had mentioned the black wolf. He was convinced after his examination of the tracks. They were the tracks of a dog, and the dog was black. Then he came to the first trap that had been set out close by.

Under his breath he cursed. The bait was gone, and the trap was sprung. The sharpened stick that had transfixed the bait was pulled out clean.

All that day Bush McTaggart followed a trail where Baree had left traces of his presence. Trap after trap he found Roberts. On the lake he came upon the mangy wolf. From the first disturbing excitement of his discovery of Baree's presence his humor changed slowly to one of rage. His rage, increased as the day dragged on, was not unacquainted with four-footed objects of trapline, but usually a wolf, a fox or a dog who had grown adept in belliety troubled only a few traps.

But in this case Baree was travelling straight from trap to trap, and his footprints in the snow showed that he stopped at each.

At dusk he reached the creek Pierrot had built midway of his line, and took inventory of his fur. It was a good haul, and a catch; the lynx was half ruined, a mink was torn completely in two.

At dawn he found still greater ruffia, with more barren traps. He was like a madman. When he arrived at the second cabin, late in the afternoon, Baree's tracks were not an hour old in the snow. Three times during the night he heard the dog howling.

The third day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The fourth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

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The ninety-fifth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The ninety-sixth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The ninety-seventh day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The ninety-eighth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The ninety-ninth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百th day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-first day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-second day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-third day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-fourth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

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The一百-sixth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-seventh day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-eighth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-ninth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-tenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-eleventh day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twelfth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-thirteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-fourteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-fifteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-sixteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-seventeenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-eighteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-nineteenth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twentieth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-first day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-second day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-third day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-fourth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-fifth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

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The一百-twenty-seventh day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-eighth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-ninth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twentieth day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree. An inch or two of snow had fallen, and he could smell the scent of his pursuer.

The一百-twenty-first day McTaggart did not return to Lac Balm, but began a careful hunt for Baree.

Lethbridge Brewery Cup

Bossenberry	Bossenberry	McMurdo
Emmerson		
McMurdo		
Herchmer	McMurdo	
Fisher		
Kellock		
Allan		
Kelly		
Liphardt		
Hanson		
Cameron		
Wyatt		
Boulton		
Moore		
Wallace		
Kirkham		
Morgan		
Stewart		
Powell		
Hughes		
Kerr		
Keys		
Bell		
McBurney		
Kastner		Kastner

International Cup

Wallace	Wallace	
Wilson		
Kellock		
Liphardt	Kellock	
Keys		
Kelly		
Fisher		
Hughes		
Moore		
McBurney		
McMurdo		
Morgan		
Emmerson		
Herchmer		
Powell		
Bell		
Kastner		
Allan		
Cameron		
Bossenberry		
Kirkham		
Wyatt		

McGrath Cup

Stewart	Hanson	
Hanson		
Cameron		
Liphardt		
Wallace		
Allan	Wallace	
Kerr		
Bossenberry		
McBurney		
Wyatt		
Keys		
Wilson		
Hughes		
Herchmer		
Boulton		
Bell		
Morgan		
Kelly		
Moore		
Fisher		
Kellock		
Kastner		
Emmerson		
McMurdo		

One burden which American farmers entirely overlook, and which they are imposing on themselves, is their inflated land values. It is exactly like the water in the capital stock of corporations. They place such a high value on their land that it is impossible for labor, which is also a factor in labor, to provide enough to pay dividends on the capitalization and live.

When do radio announcers eat?

There are also other burdens, such as having to pay interest on other people's watered stock. And now each interest is trying to squeeze the moisture out of the other fellow's watered stock. But it will take a general process of evaporation, or the natural results of excess moisture will follow.

• • •

An absent-minded man forgets everything but his troubles.

HEATERS !!

McClary Hot Blast Heaters in 3 sizes.

— None Better.

BAGGAGE

If you are interested in Baggage, call in and look over our stock. The quality is THE BEST and the prices are attractive.

15 Per Cent Discount

On all Furniture, Linoleum and Carpets.

The Coleman Hardware Co.
Phone 68

F. J. Lote, Mgr.

Rexall Cherry Bark Cough Syrup

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness and Sore Throat

Its action is to soothe local irritation of the Bronchial and Throat Mucous Membranes, stimulate Expectoration and loosen the cough.

Sold in Three Sizes

\$1.00, 60c and 35c.

H. C. McBURNEY

Druggist and Stationer

Coleman, Alberta

SEASONABLE HARDWARE SUPPLIES

Brooms, Hockey Sticks, C. C. M. Skates, and general line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Furniture and Linoleum.

The George Pattinson Hardware

Final Wind-up of Sale

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29th IS 95c DAY

These are only a few of our 95c Specials

SEE OUR WINDOWS

Spunsilk, regular 1.25 a yard 13 shades, Friday only per yard	95c
Dress Flannels, regular 1.85 per yard, to clear Friday only at per yard	95c
Gingham, Printed Crepes, reg ular 35c a yard, spe cial, 4 yards for	95c
White Curtain Scrims, Fri day only, 4 yards for	95c
Euro Curtain Scrims, regular 50c a yard, to clear Friday only, 3 yards for	95c
Childrens Sweaters, sizes 2 to 5 years, regular 1.35, Friday only	95c

FRIDAY, 29th
95c
DAY
Childrens Rompers
Values to 1.75
Friday only, per pair
95c

Sheeting, regular 1.35 per yard, Friday only, per yard	95c
Pillow Tubing, regular 60c per yard, Friday, clearing 2 yards for	95c
Bath Towels, regular 1.85 per pair, Friday only, per pair	95c
Roller Towelling, 3 yards for	95c
Ladies Silk Hose, regular to 1.75 a pair, Friday only, per pair	95c
Ladies Wool Hose, Values to 1.50 a pair, Friday, per pair	95c

Great 95c Values in Men's Wear

Men's Leather Mitts

Values to 1.75

95c a pair

Men's Dress Shirts

Nine Only Left

95c each

LAST DAY SPECIALS

FURTHER REDUCTIONS ON ALL GOODS

Ladies Coats

All our Coats at

HALF PRICE

Dresses
Silks, Sarges, Tricoline, etc.
Sale Prices
\$3.95 to \$24.95

Men's Dress Shirts

Values to 7.50 for
\$4.75
Values to 3.50 for
\$1.75

MILLINERY, Final Clearing of Hats at HALF PRICE

MRS. H. E. GATE

ALBERTA

COLEMAN

SEE

BANFF WINTER CARNIVAL

February 3rd to 17th

TWO WEEKS OF FUN

Dazzling - Delightful - Wholesome

With Gorgeous Scenic Setting in the

Canadian Pacific Rockies

Ski-ing Snowshoeing Hockey
Ski-joring Tobogganing Curling
Skating Trap-Shooting Swimming
Sleighing Packing Dancing

100-Mile Dog Derby for Strongheart Trophy

FARE AND ONE THIRD

FOR THE ROUND TRIP

From ALL STATIONS in ALBERTA and BRITISH COLUMBIA; REVELSTOKE and EAST

ON SALE FEB. 6 to 13

Good Returning to February 18, 1926

Full Information from the Ticket Agent

CANADIAN
PACIFIC
RAILWAY

Fresh Eggs for Sale

Extra's 40c. First's 35c. Pulletts
extra's 80c. Phone 502
J. R. IRWIN, Cowley.
—23-3 p.

Sold in Three Sizes

\$1.00, 60c and 35c.

SEASONABLE HARDWARE SUPPLIES

Brooms, Hockey Sticks, C. C. M. Skates, and general line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Furniture and Linoleum.

The George Pattinson Hardware